

# Curves as a risk factor for motorcyclists



Robert McCall, VTTI  
Cameron Rainey, VTTI  
Vicki Williams, VTTI  
Shane McLaughlin, VTTI

# Are curves risky for motorcyclists?

- Yes.

# Background

- In 2013 motorcycles accounted for 3% of registered vehicles<sup>[1]</sup>.
- That same year motorcycles accounted for 0.7% of vehicle miles traveled<sup>[1]</sup>.
- Yet they comprised 14% of all traffic fatalities<sup>[1]</sup>.
- Even when alcohol is eliminated as a contributing factor, single vehicle conflicts represent 25% of all motorcycle fatalities in the U.S. <sup>[2]</sup>

[1] National Center for Statistics and Analysis. (2015, May). Motorcycles: 2013 data. (Traffic Safety Facts. Report No. DOT HS 812 148). Washington, DC: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

[2] National Center for Statistics and Analysis. (2014, June). Motorcycles: 2012 data. (Traffic Safety Facts. Report No. DOT HS 812 035). Washington, DC: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

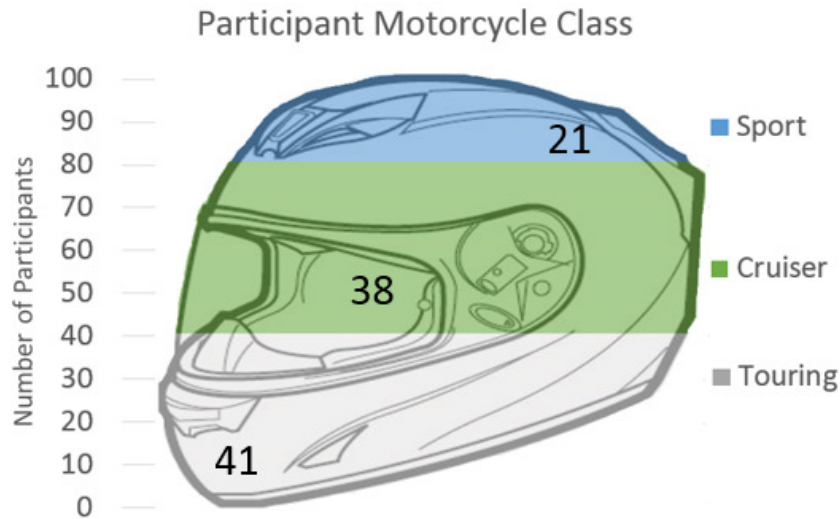
# The MSF100 Dataset

- 30,844 Trips
- 366,667 miles
- 9,354 hours
- 152 Crash and Near Crash Events



Arizona – 6 California – 47 Florida – 17 Virginia - 30

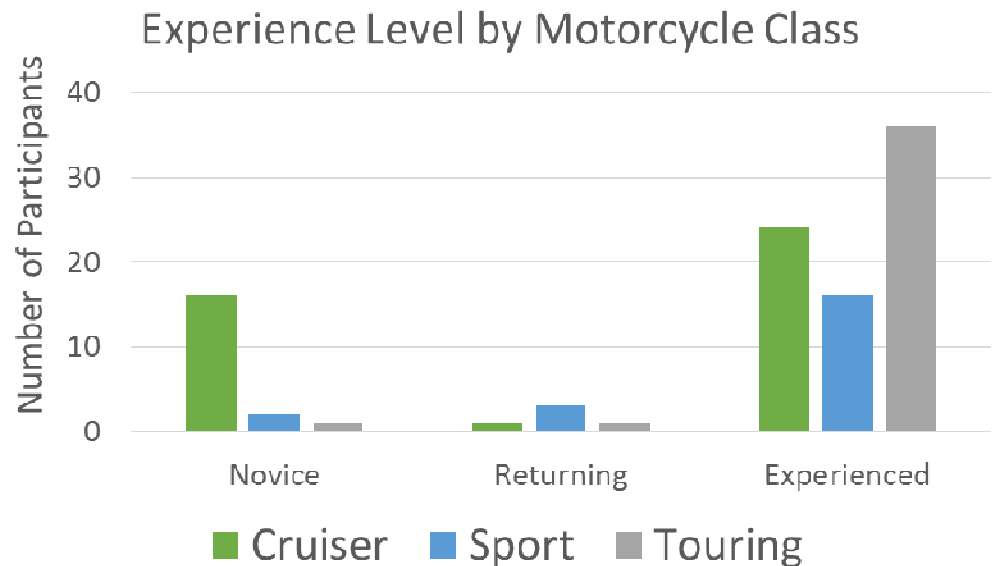
# MSF 100 Participants



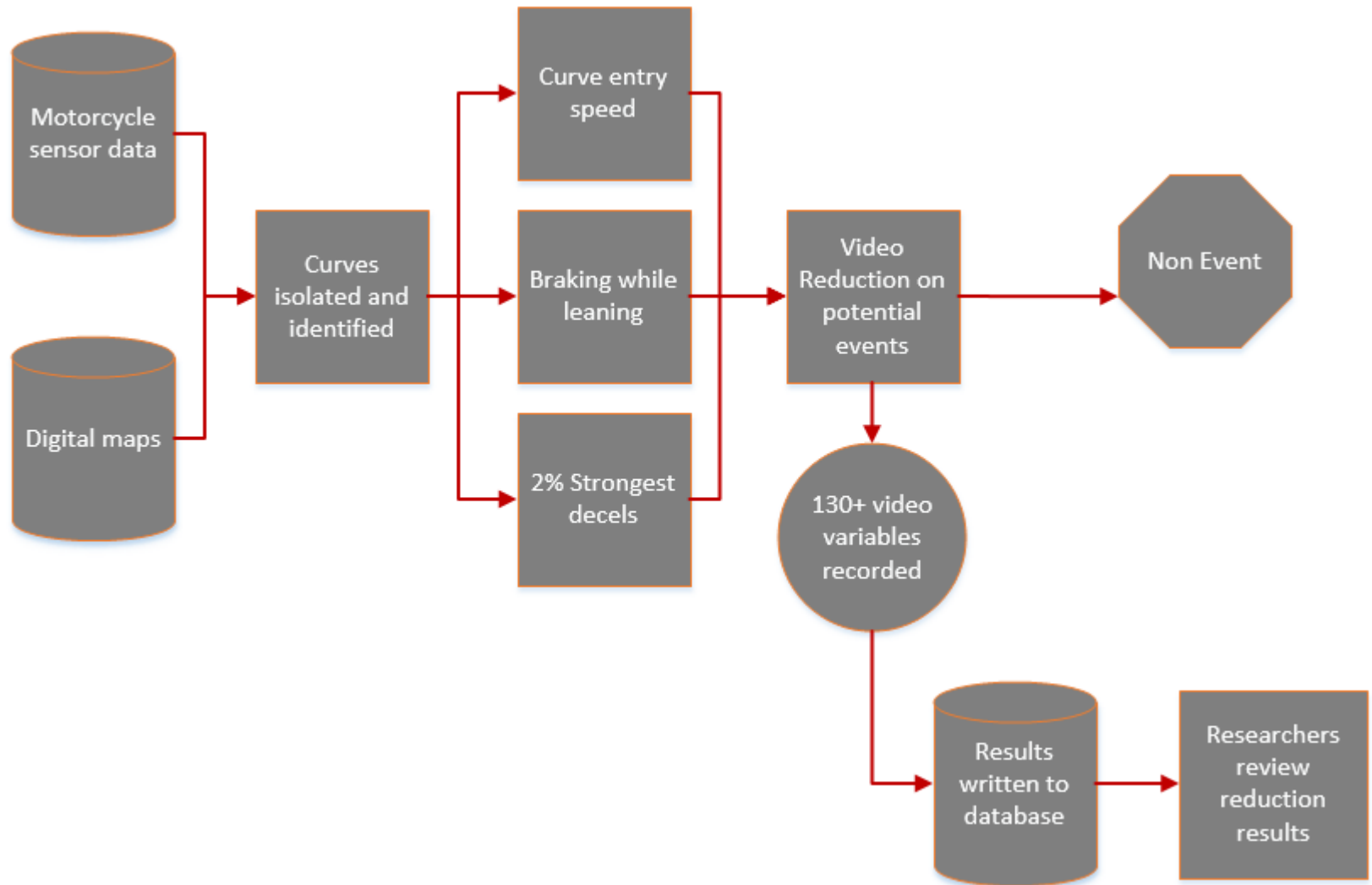
- Participant age: 21-79
- 78 Males, 22 Females
- Installed from 2 months to 2 years

## 3 Experience Levels

- Experienced (76)
- Returning (5)
- Novice (19)



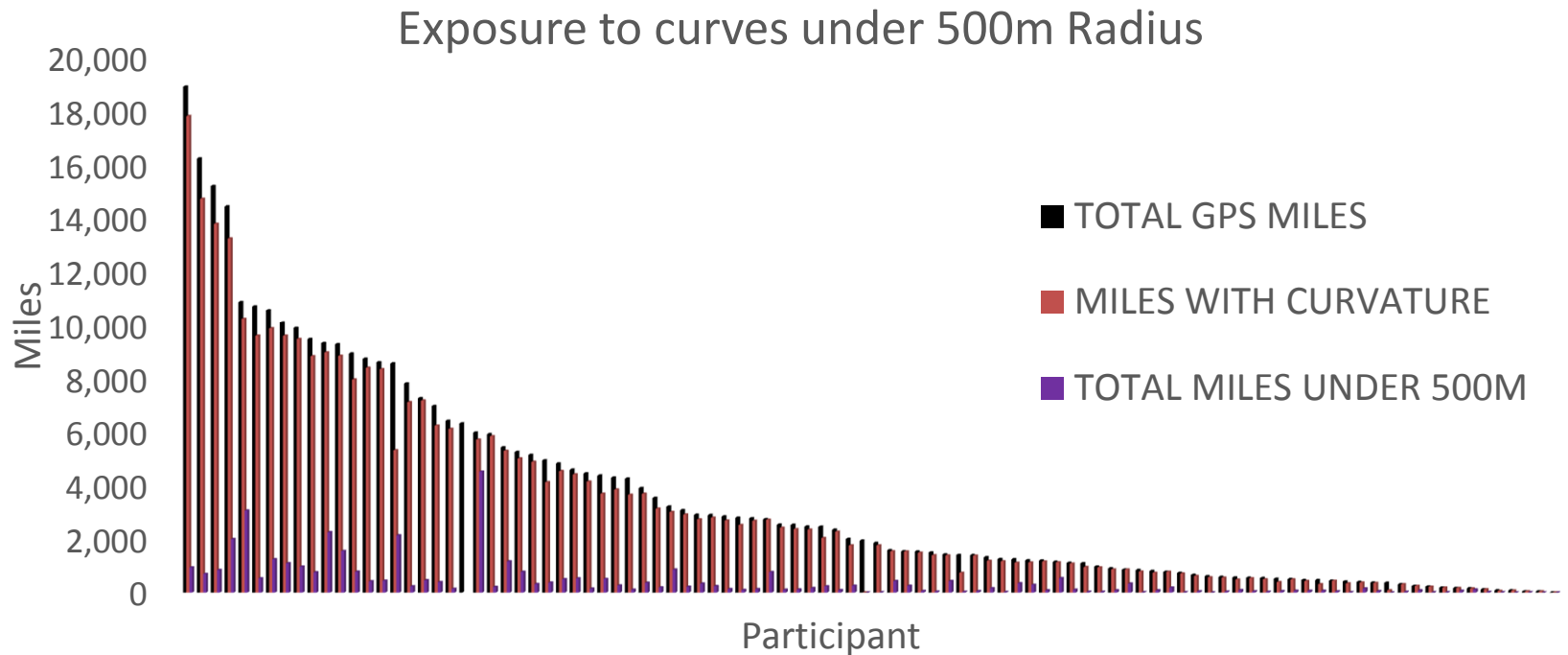
# Identifying Events: Overview



# Curve Exposure

Curves were isolated in the digitally mapped data and assigned a radius.

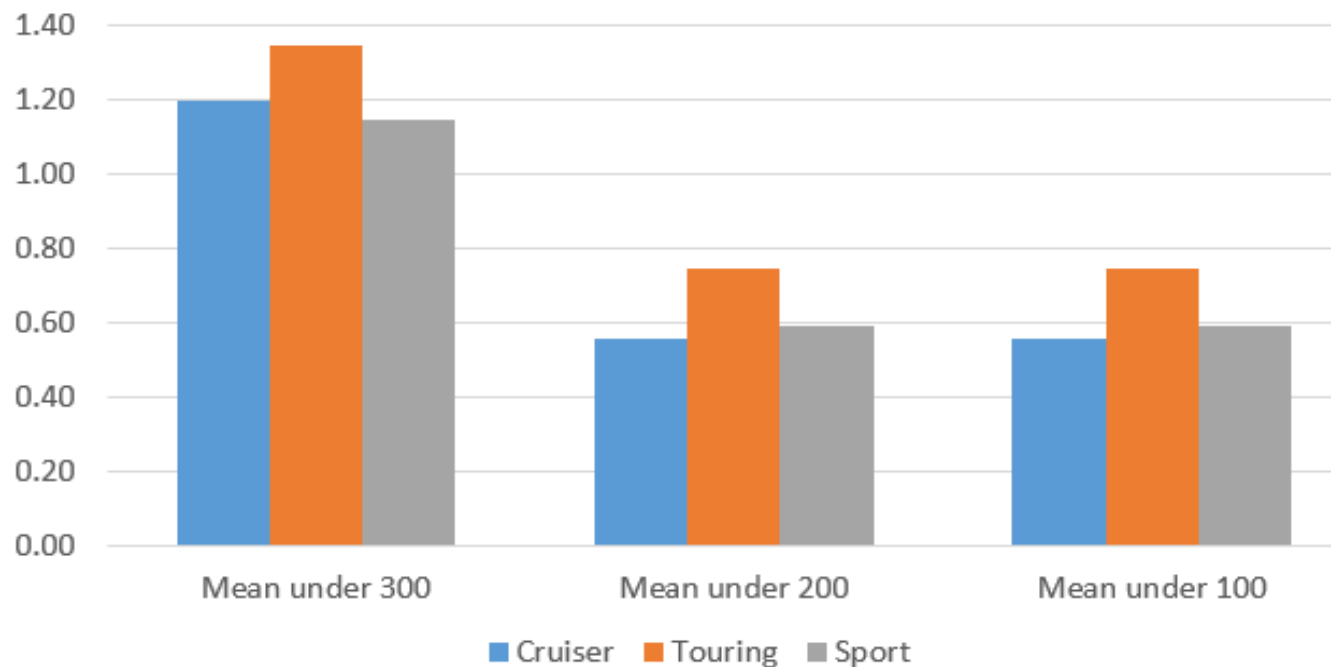
- Radius calculated from digital map data
- Summary measures derived for each curve including min, max, and mean radius



# Differences in Exposure by Bike Type

- Between subjects ANOVAs revealed no significant differences between bike types, experience levels, or age groups in terms of the percentage of miles ridden in curves.

Percent of miles spent on curves of a particular radius

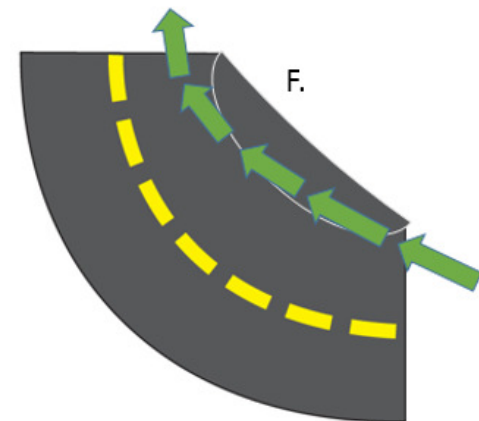
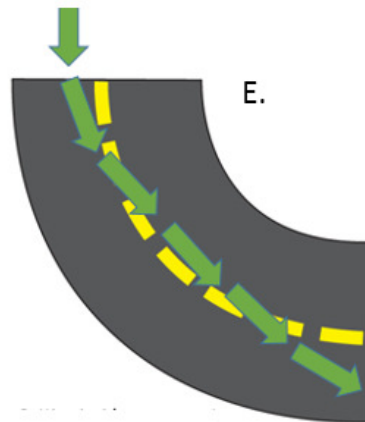
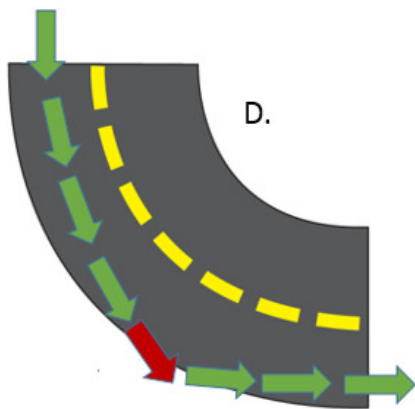
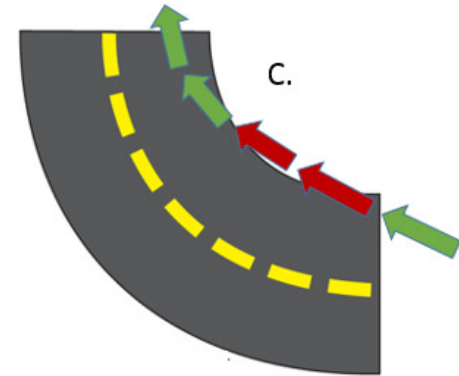
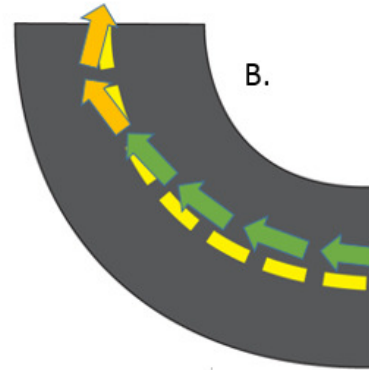
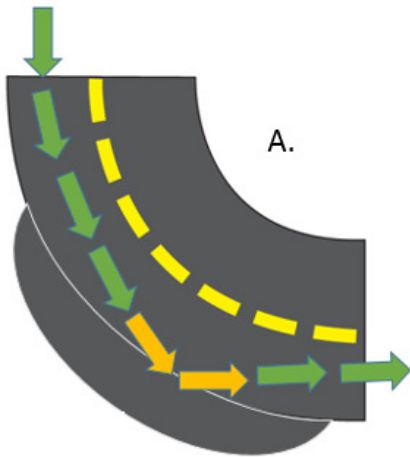




# Event Types

- Single vehicle conflict - A crash\nnear-crash type involving only the participant rider.
- Near Crash – taking a curve wide
  - Rider taking a right curve too wide and crossing the traffic divider.
  - Link
- Crash – Run off the Road
- A rider leaving paved surface of the road or shoulder while negotiating a curve.
  - Link
- A rider choosing to flatten their trajectory in a curve by cutting inside across the yellow line was neither recorded as a crash or a near-crash

# Situations of Interest



↑ Crash    ↑ Near Crash    ↑ Nothing

# Detection Algorithms

- A three-pronged approach was used to identify potential crash and near-crash events in the dataset.
  - 2% strongest deceleration events
  - Curve entry speeds
  - Lean angle and braking

# The Event Set

- 27 crashes and near-crashes (15 participants) were identified as being both single vehicle conflicts and occurring on a curved roadway geometry.
- 85% of the detected events happened on a right-hand curve (23\27).
- All 27 events occurred on roads with two lanes and opposing traffic.
  - In the majority of cases (85%), the rider took a curve too fast for the situation (geometry, ability, etc.) leading them to cross over the left hand lane marker into opposing lanes.
- Roadway debris was not listed as a contributing factor in any of the events.
- No events took place in construction zones, and
- all events occurred under sunny or partly cloudy skies with no moisture on the roadway.

# Results

- Riders are 2.7 times more likely to be involved in a CNC in a curve than while on straight road segments.
  - [OR = 2.72 CI (1.92, 3.87)]
- Motorcyclists are 1.6 times more likely to be involved in a single vehicle conflict while curving than any other type of crash while on straight segments.
  - [OR = 1.56 CI(1.02, 2.37)]
- Novice riders are 3x more likely to have a single vehicle conflict in a curve than non-returning experienced riders.
  - [OR = 3.39, CI (1.13, 10.17)]
- All riders are nearly 10 times more likely to have a single vehicle conflict in curves than straight sections.
  - [OR = 9.3, CI(4.9, 17.4)]

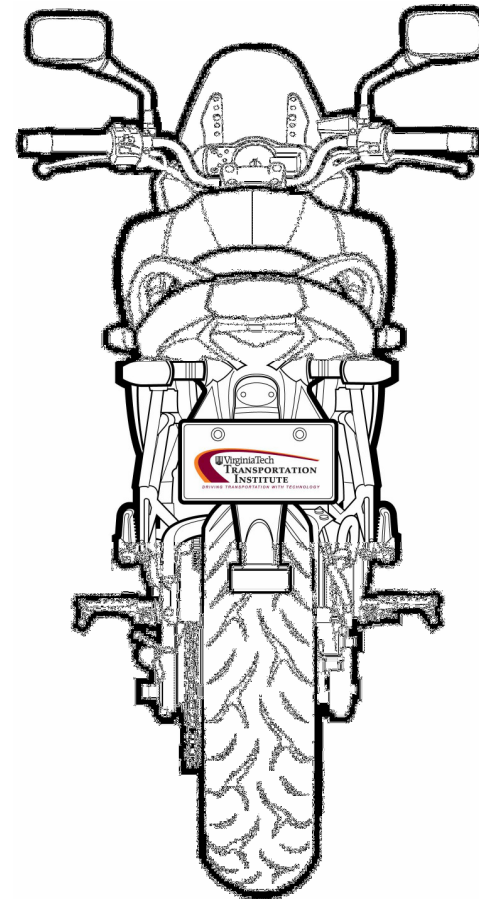
# Results 2 of 2

- Riders are 15 times more likely to experience a single vehicle conflict in a curve when riding with one or more other motorcyclist(s) than they are while riding solo
  - [OR = 14.86, CI(5.95, 37.08)]

# Are curves risky for motorcyclists?

- Yes.
- Riders are more likely to have a crash or near-crash in a curve than any other road geometry.
- Right hand curves are of particular risk.
- Novice riders are at an increased risk compared to experienced riders.
- Riding with one or more other riders increases your risk of a crash or near-crash in a curve 15-fold.

Questions?





# Contact Information

If you have any questions about motorcycle related research at VTTI or would like further information, please contact:

Mac McCall  
Research Associate  
Motorcycle Research Group  
(540) 231-3415  
[RMcCall@vtti.vt.edu](mailto:RMcCall@vtti.vt.edu)  
<http://www.motorcycle.vtti.vt.edu/>

