

Comparing Subjective Pavement Marking Assessments with Measured Retroreflectivity Values

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Objectives

- Compare subjective pavement marking assessment with measured retroreflectivity values
- Compare rank order assessment of adjacent pavement markings of varying retroreflectivity levels

Purpose

- Improve inspection process
- How accurate can visual observations be
- Not everyone has a retroreflectometer
- Cost/Time savings of subjective vs. quantitative measurement

Methodology

- Conduct 2 night studies
 - One open road study
 - One closed course study
- Use DOT participants
- 1-5 Subjective rating scale
 - (1) Very poor – (5) New
- Mobile and handheld retroreflectivity data collection

Methodology



Methodology

- Pavement Markings Evaluated



- Road Surfaces

Hot Mix Asphalt



Concrete



Seal Coat



Open Road Methodology

- Open Road Study
 - 8 participants
 - 16 sections
 - Retroreflectivity range (88-419 mcd/m²/lux)
 - Segment length of 0.1-0.5 miles
 - All participants were passengers
 - All vehicles were Ford Taurus sedans with halogen headlamps
 - Vehicles traveled at posted speeds (30-65mph)

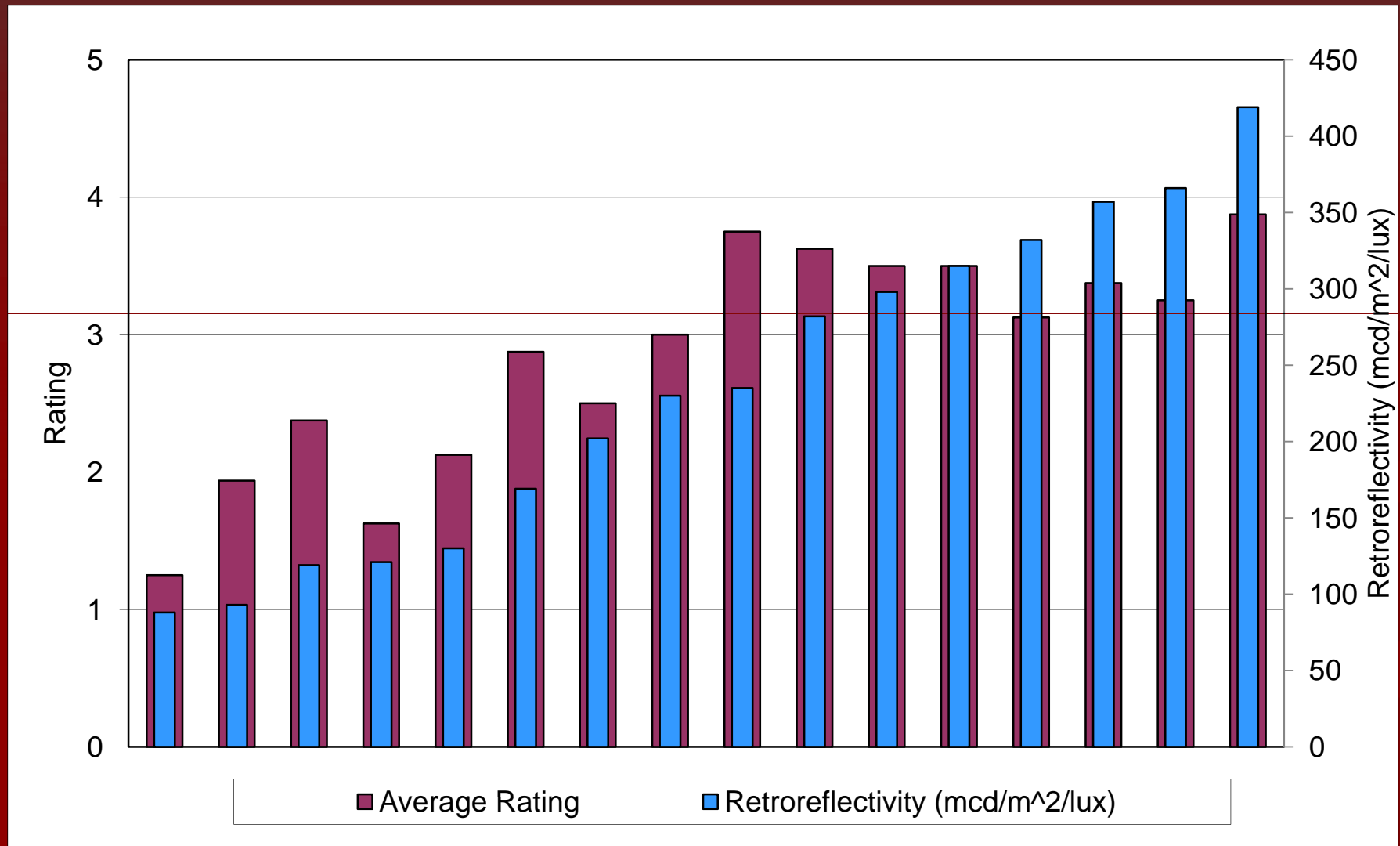
Open Road Test Sections



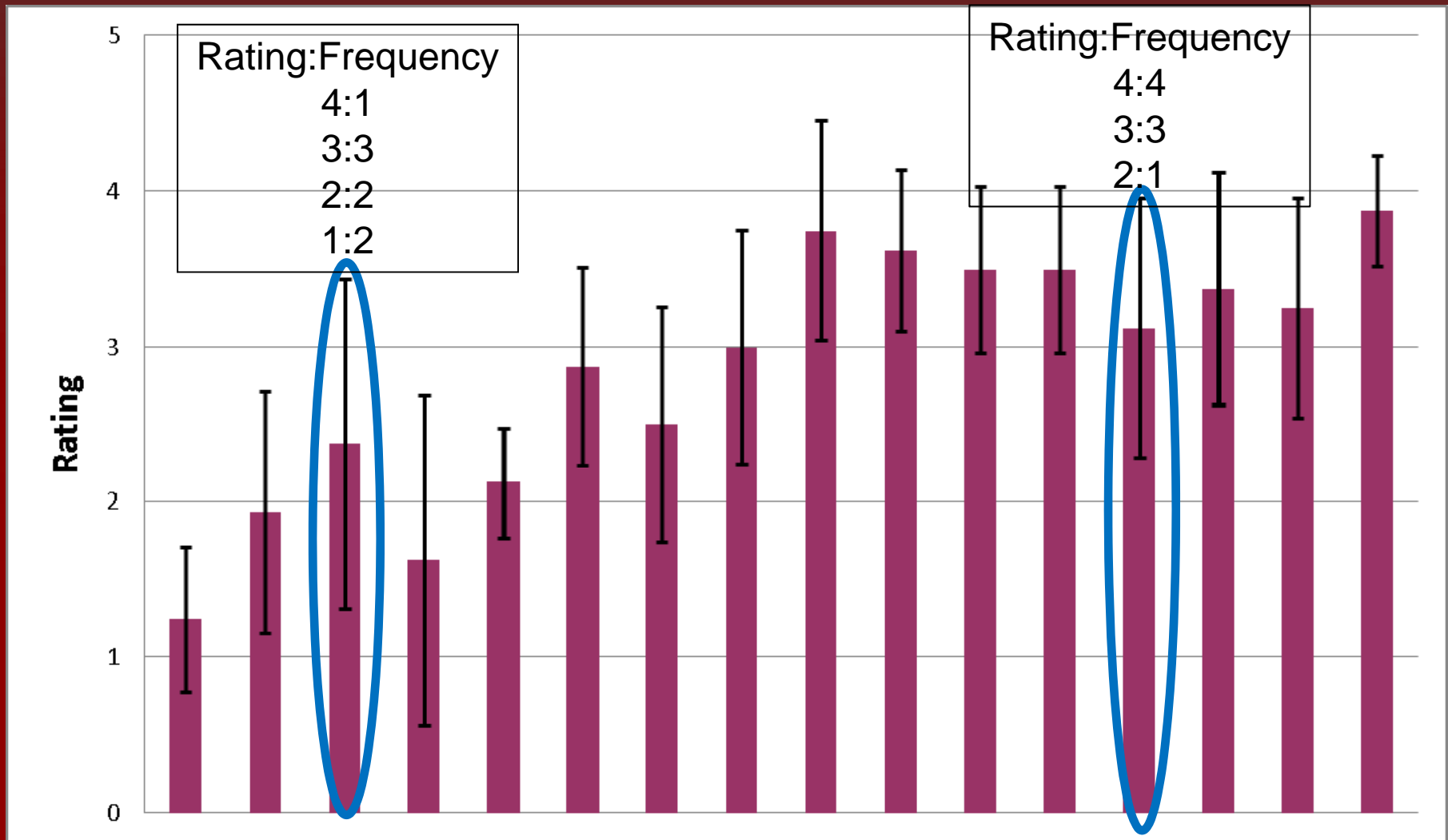
Open Road Test Sections



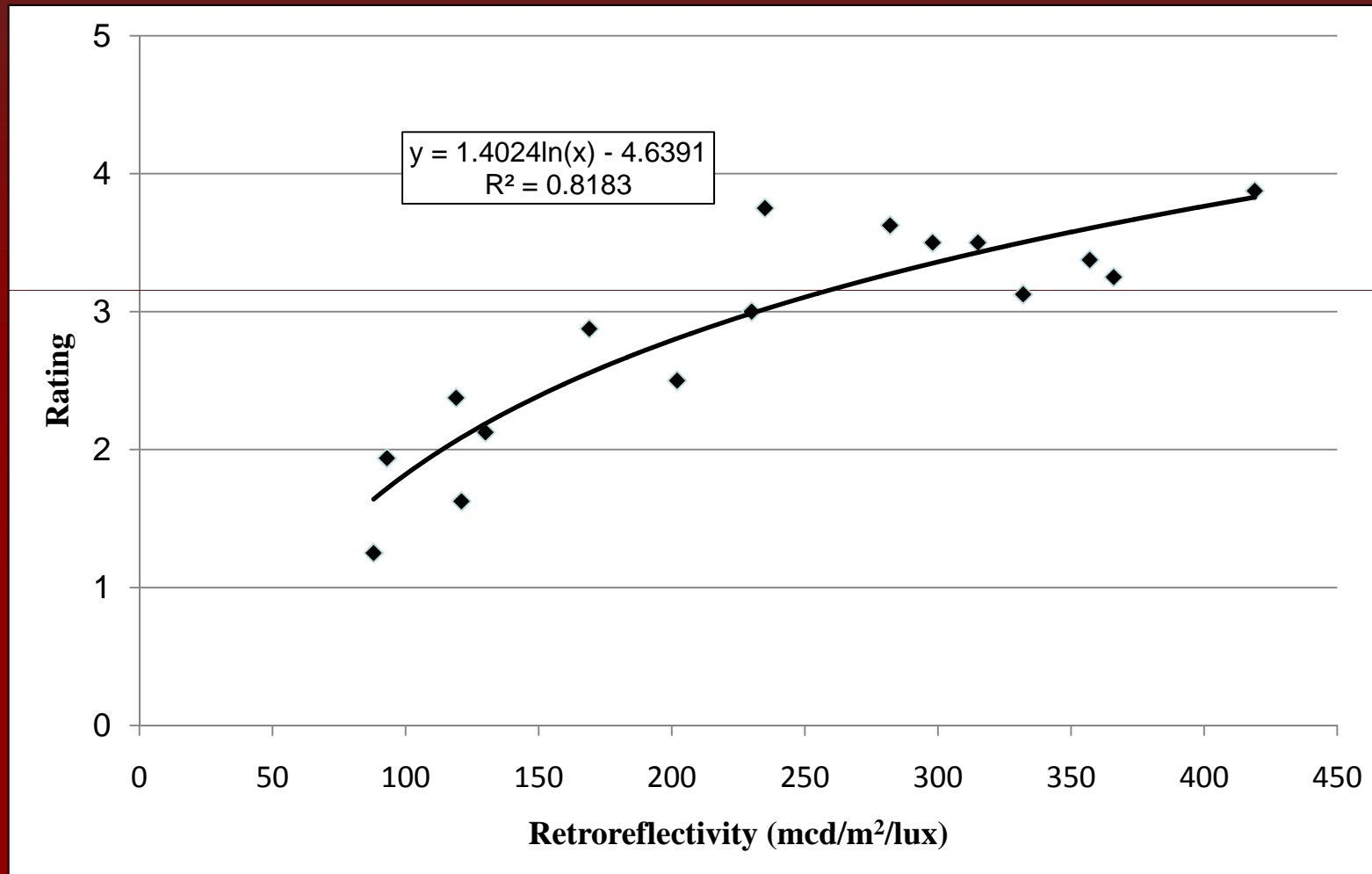
Open Road Ratings



Open Road Rating Error



Open Road Rating vs. Retroreflectivity



Closed Course Methodology

- Closed Course Study
 - 11 participants (all passengers)
 - 12 sections
 - Retroreflectivity range (88-684 mcd/m²/lux)
 - Marking length of 120 continuous feet
 - Markings viewed stationary at 210 feet and 30 meters
 - All vehicles were Ford Taurus sedans with halogen headlamps
 - Markings evaluated before and after training

Closed Course Test Site



Closed Course Test Sections

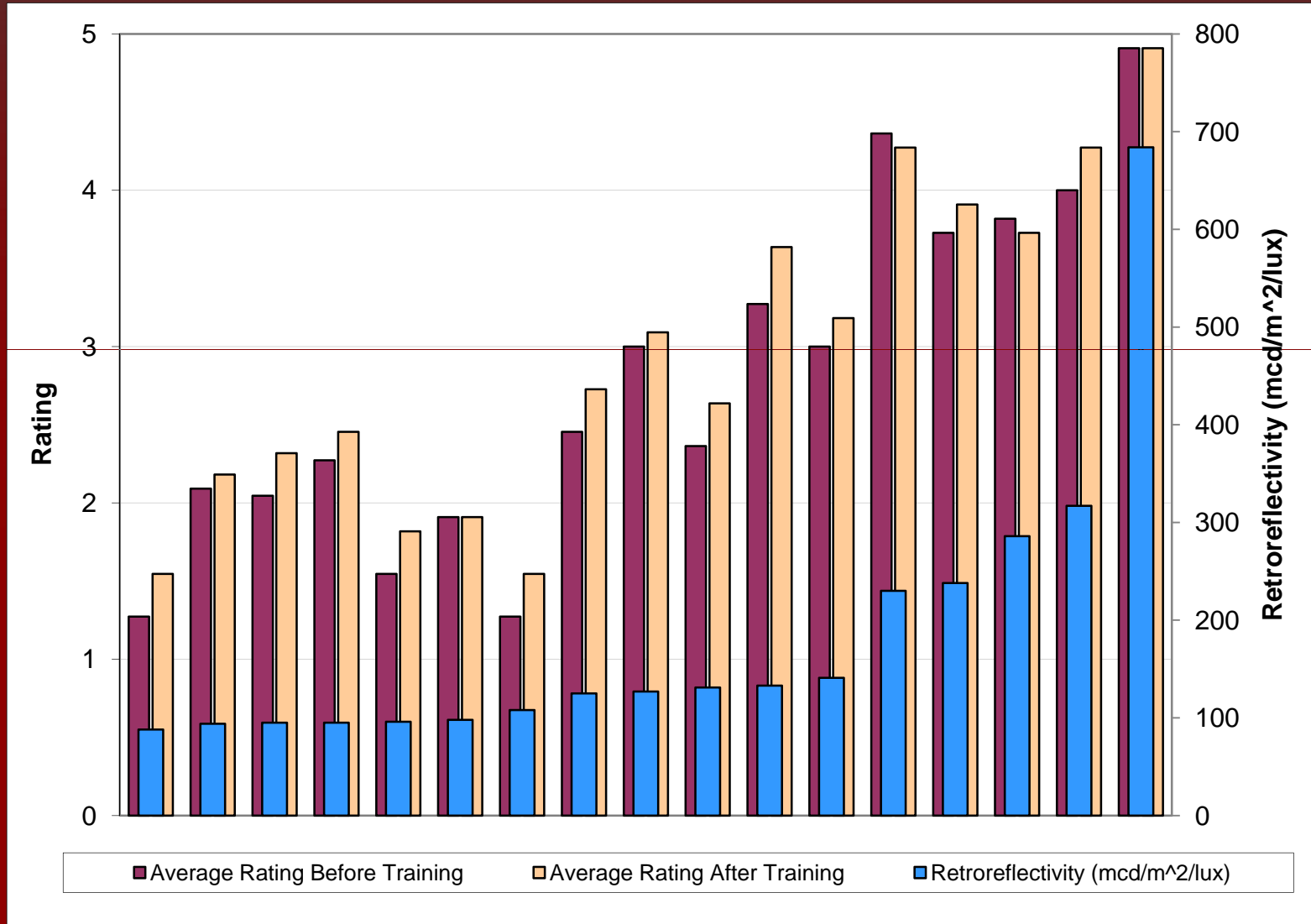


Closed Course Methodology

- Participant Training
 - Markings side by side
 - Viewed from 30 meters and 210 feet
 - Retroreflectivity values provided after rank order comparison



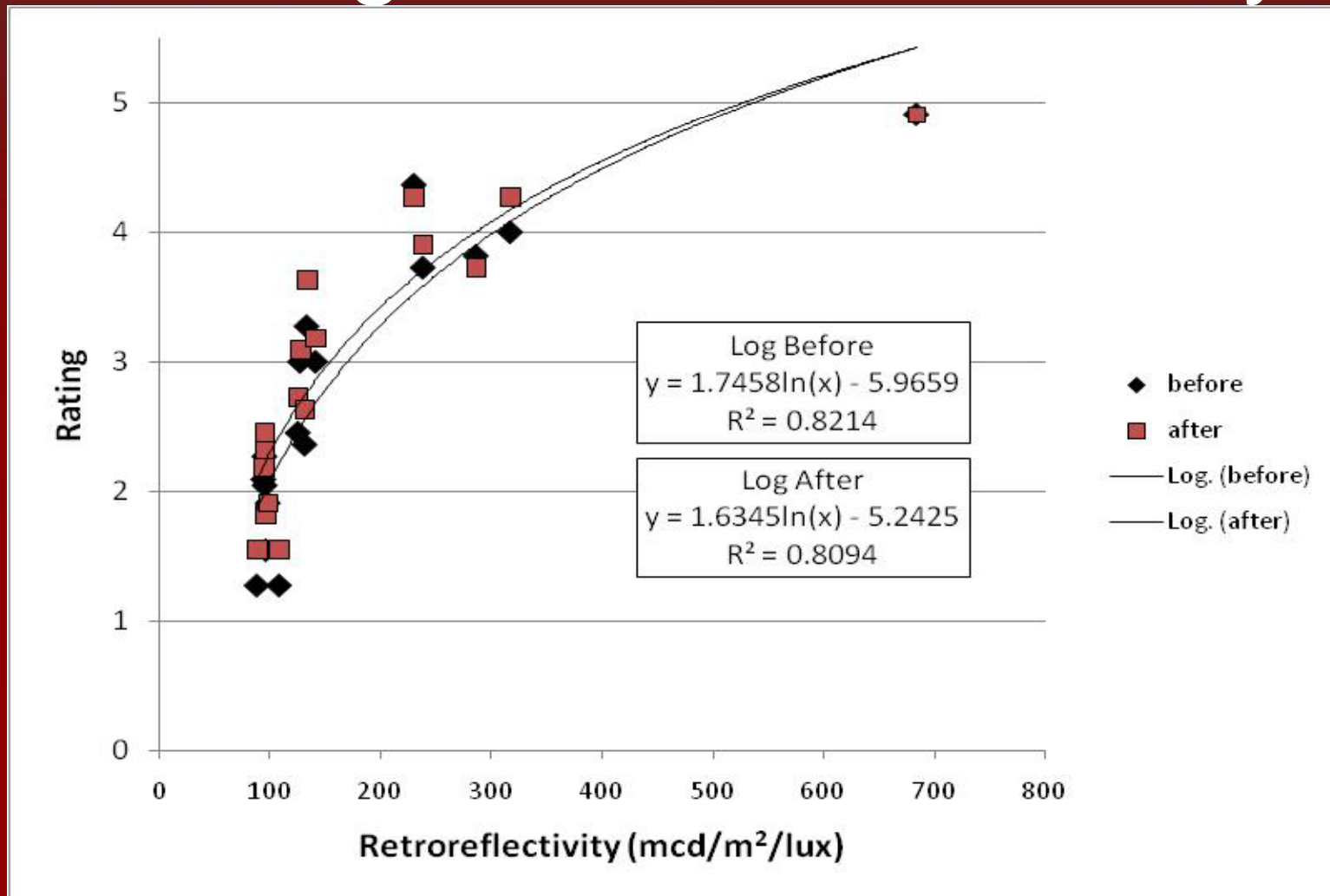
Closed Course Ratings



Closed Course Rating Error



Closed Course Rating vs. Retroreflectivity



Side by Side Rank Order Comparison

| Yellow Markings | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Retroreflectivity | Average Rank |
| 510 | 1 |
| 230 | 2 |
| 200 | 3 |
| 165 | 4 |
| 140 | 5 |
| 100 | 6 |
| 85 | 7 |
| 55 | 8 |

| White Markings | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Retroreflectivity | Average Rank |
| 800 | 1 |
| 400 | 2 |
| 325 | 3 |
| 300 | 4 |
| 200 | 5 |
| 115 | 6 |
| 100 | 7 |
| 75 | 8 |
| 50 | 9 |



Findings

- Average subjective ratings do show acceptable correlation with retroreflectivity measurements
 - Open road course $R^2 = 0.82$
 - Closed course $R^2 = 0.82$ before training
 $R^2 = 0.81$ after training
- Ratings can show large variations between individuals
- Minimal training did not improve our results

Recommendations

- Subjective nighttime rating methods can be considered a viable option for evaluating pavement markings
- Quantitative measurements should supplement ratings for restriping prioritization or end of life evaluations, may not be necessary for QC
- Adequate training or multiple evaluators should be utilized, averaging the reported ratings

Questions?