

Rutting and Faulting Data for the Interstate Highway System: Equipment Validation

By

Presenter*

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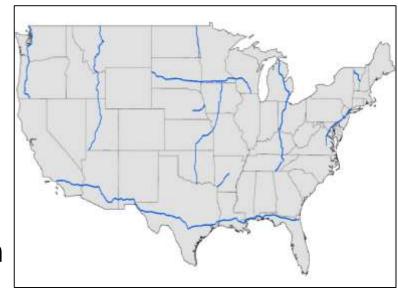
Outline

- Introduction
- Objectives
- Validation Procedure
- Concluding Remarks



Introduction

- FHWA Interstate Sampling Project in 2018
 - Collect sample of ~7500 miles of Interstate Highway System (IHS)
 - International Roughness Index (IRI)
 - Rutting
 - Cracking Percent
 - Faulting
- Project Scopes:
 - Assess the quality of HPMS data
 - Recommend improvements to data collection





Project Rutting and Faulting Data

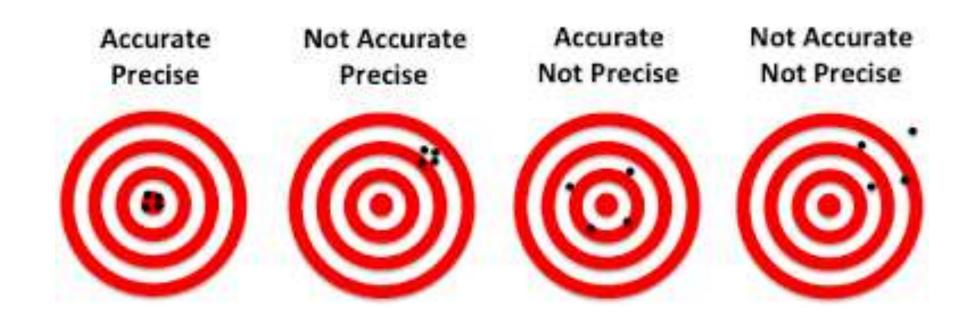
- ➤ Laser Crack Measurement System
 - Sampling Rate: 5,600 profile/s
 - Transversal field of view: 13.1 ft.
 - Transversal resolution: 0.04 inch
 - Depth range of operation: 9.8 inches
 - Depth resolution: 0.02 inch





Data Quality Management Plan

Validate data collection equipment by comparison with reference measurements under representative conditions





Objectives

- Validation testing of the LCMS for rutting and faulting measurements
- Field testing at the Minnesota Road Research Facility (MnROAD) facility
- Collecting reference data using the MnROAD Automated Laser Profile System (ALPS) and a faultmeter





Validation Procedure





ALPS System

- Components
 - 1. A laser mounted on a rolling plate
 - 2. Servomotor
 - 3. 12.8 ft beam
 - 4. Leveling system
- Elevation measurements at ~0.25 inch.





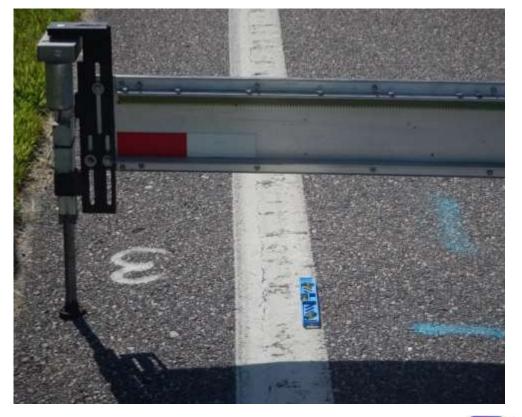


Reference Rutting Data, ALPS

- 10 transverse profiles
- Rut depth from 0.25 to 2 inches



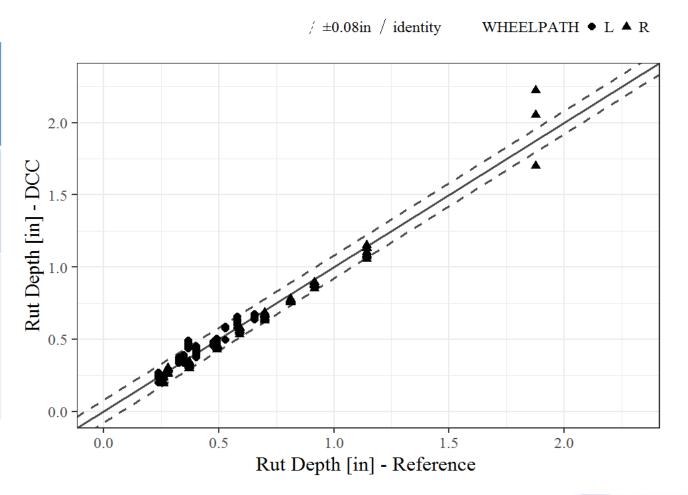
- Markers on the edges of the lane
- Algorithm based on PP69-14





Validation of Rutting Measurements

Acceptance Criteria	
Accuracy	±0.08 inches
Precision	Values within ±0.08 inches of mean with a 90% CL



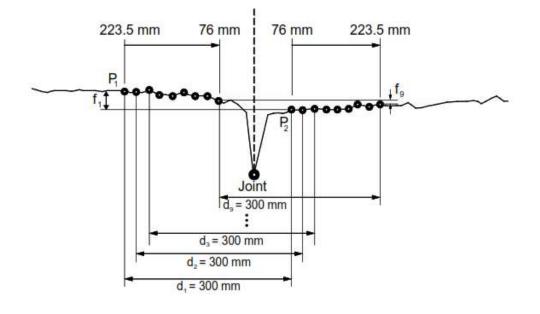


Faulting – AASHTO R36

Method A

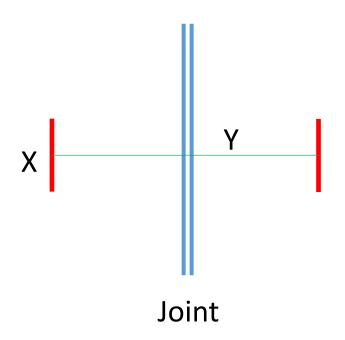
-230.00 -232.00 Mask the profile within 76 mm of the joint from the fitted -234.00 -236.00 Faulting (f) -238.00 Approach Slab Departure Slab -240.001219 mm 1219 mm -242.00 -244.00 Normalized Distance (m) Fitted Line—Approach Fitted Line—Departure

Method B





Faulting – LCMS Measurement

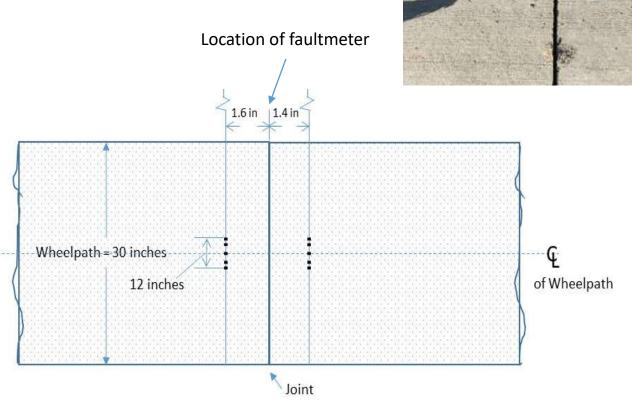


X, inches	Y, inches
8	12
8	2
12	12
12	2
0.5	12
0.5	2



Reference Faulting Data, Faultmeter

- 10 joints with average faulting from 0.0 to 0.4 inches
- Measurement locations:
 - 1. Centerline of the outside wheelpath
 - 2. 4 in. to either side of the centerline
 - 3. 6 in. to either side of the centerline



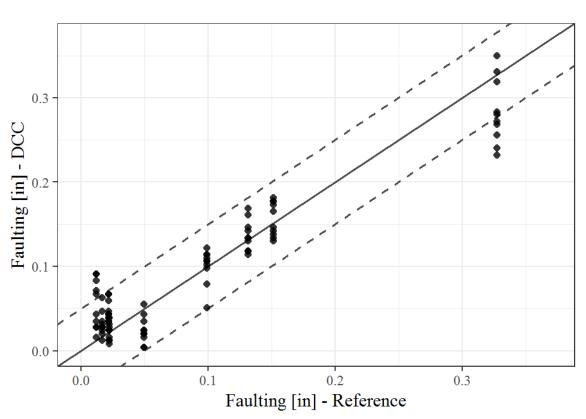




Validation of Faulting Measurements

> 10 repeat measurements at each joint using the data collector's LCMS

Acceptance Criteria	
Accuracy	±0.05 inches
Precision	 Standard deviation of values not to exceed 15% of mean value if the mean is greater than 0.1 inches
	 Not to exceed 0.03 inches if the mean is lower than 0.1 inches



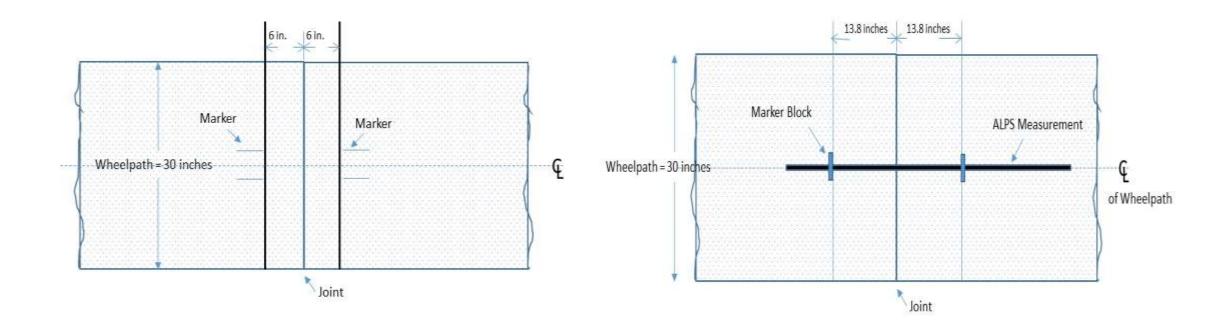


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Reference Faulting Data, ALPS

1) Transverse profiles from 6 inches before joint to 6 inches after joint

2) Longitudinal profile across a joint





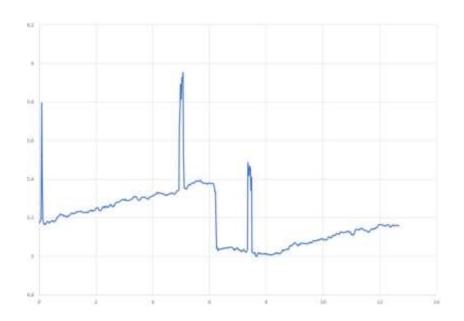
Faulting Measurement – ALPS Transverse





ALPS – LCMS comparison

- ALPS measurement across the joint
 - Method A 0.31 inch
 - Method B 0.34 inch
- LCMS measurement (12 x 12) 0.35 inch
- Transverse comparison
 - No elevation reference





Concluding Remarks

- Needed means to validate precision and accuracy of data collection equipment
- ALPS provided a means for evaluating transverse profile
- MN Faultmeter used for validation of faulting
- ALPS provided another means for reviewing faulting

