

# International Sustainable Pavements Workshop

## Rubber Recycling

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## A non-technical point

It is not just the technical issues..

Crumb rubber, as an asphalt modifier, should be considered based on performance, not because of federal/state funding as a solid waste material.

Funding should be directed to making better rubber modifiers, using better technologies..

# INTRODUPTION

- Unique Nature
- Two Mechanisms:
  - Swelling
  - Devulcanization/Depolymerization
- Swelling Affects Binder Matrix
- Depolymerization Affects Liquid Phase

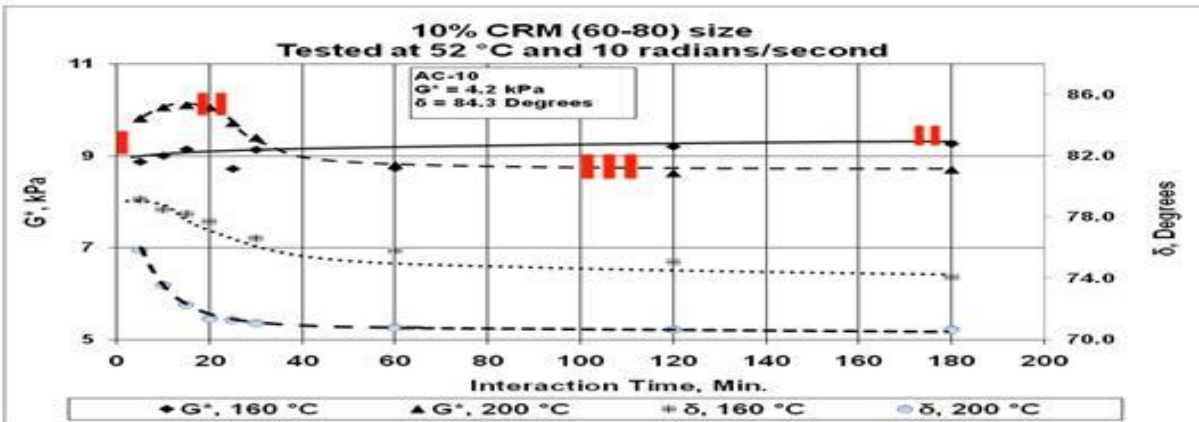
# INTRODUCTION

Three Types of Interaction:

- Basic Asphalt-rubber interactions
- Asphalt-rubber interactions with added polymers
- Asphalt with pre-processed rubber

# INTERACTION MECHANISM

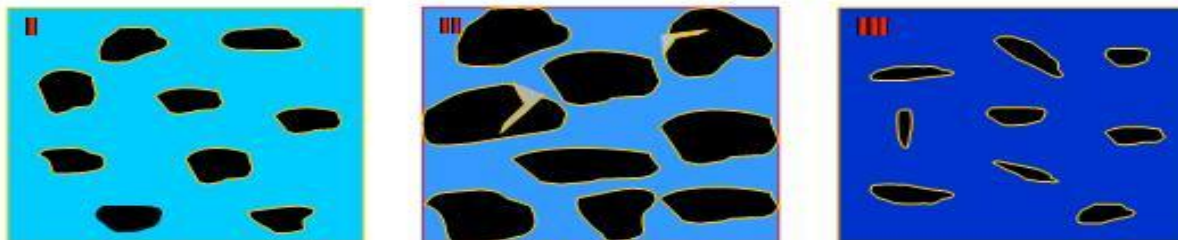
## a- Property development over time.



## b- Change of particle size over time at elevated temperature.



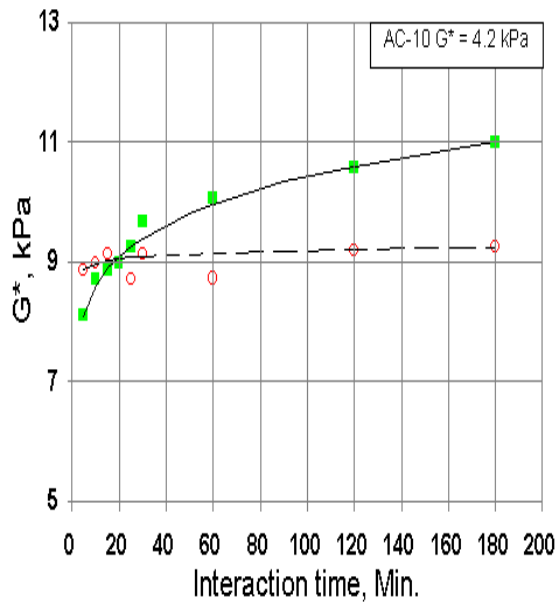
## c- Change of binder matrix over time at elevated temperature.



# INTERACTION MECHANISM

**BLEND Source at 160 °C, 10% CRM**

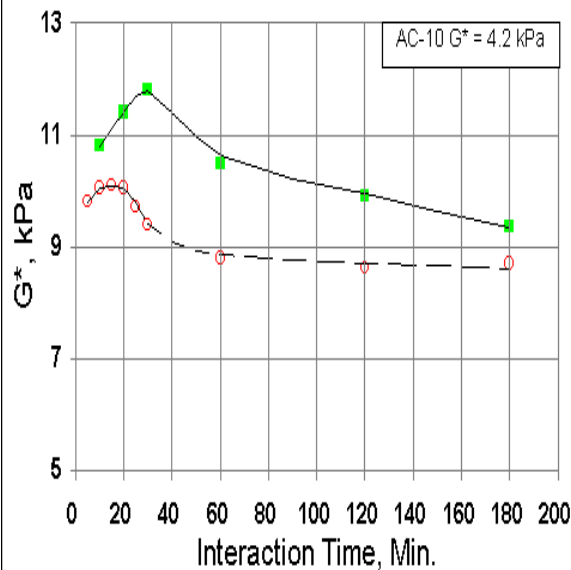
Tested at 52 °C and 10 radians/second



○ 60-80 ■ 30-40

**BLEND Source at 200 °C, 10% CRM**

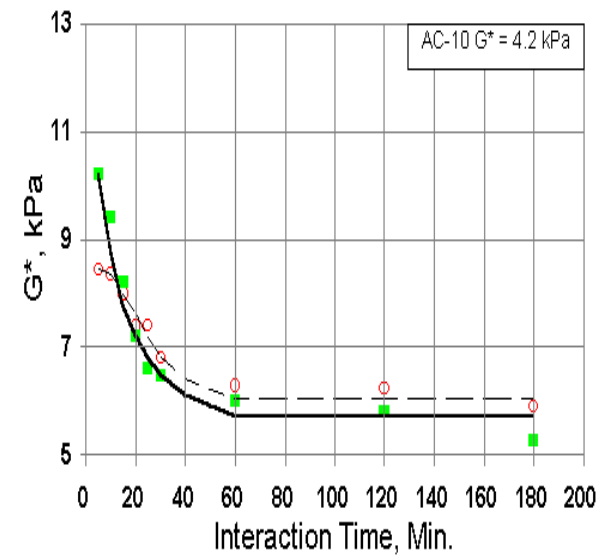
Tested at 52 °C and 10 radians/second



○ 60-80 ■ 30-40

**BLEND Source at 240 °C, 10% CRM**

Tested at 52 °C and 10 radians/second

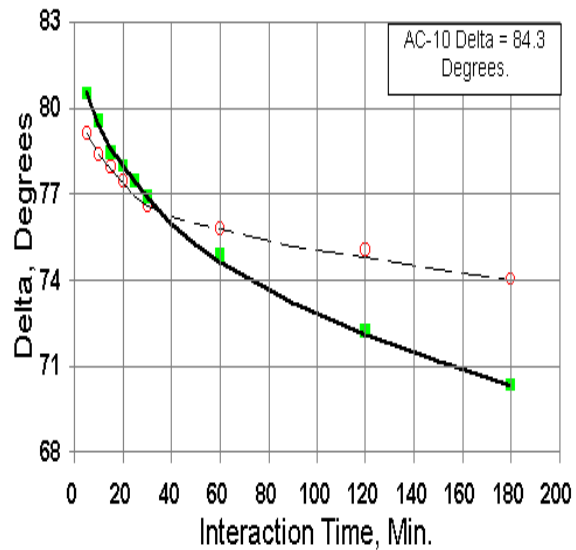


○ 60-80 ■ 30-40

# INTERACTION MECHANISM

**BLEND Source at 160 °C, 10% CRM**

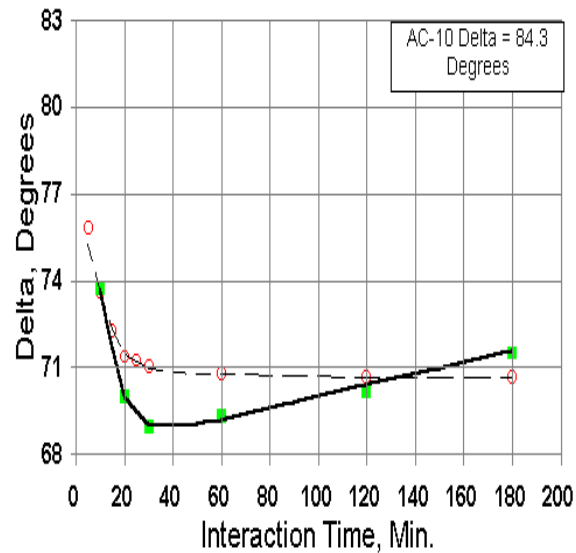
Tested at 52 °C and 10 radians/second



○ 60-80 ■ 30-40

**BLEND Source at 200 °C, 10% CRM**

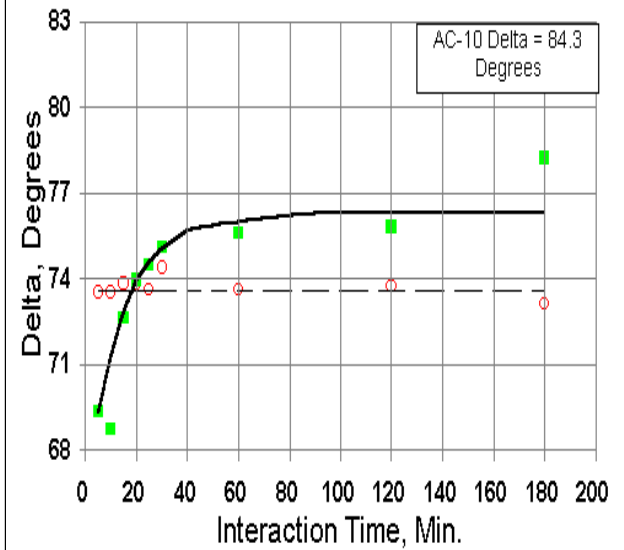
Tested at 52 °C and 10 radians/second



○ 60-80 ■ 30-40

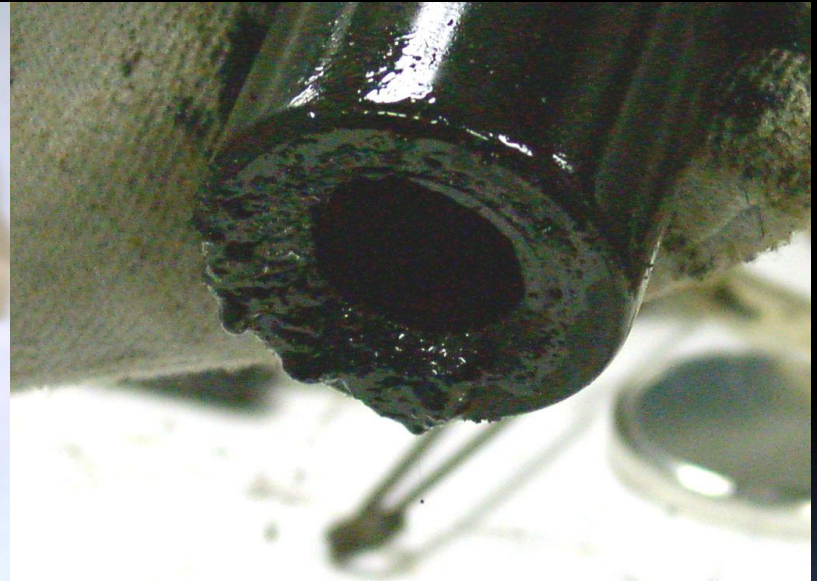
**BLEND Source at 240 °C, 10% CRM**

Tested at 52 °C and 10 radians/second



○ 60-80 ■ 30-40

# 20% CRM FIELD SAMPLE



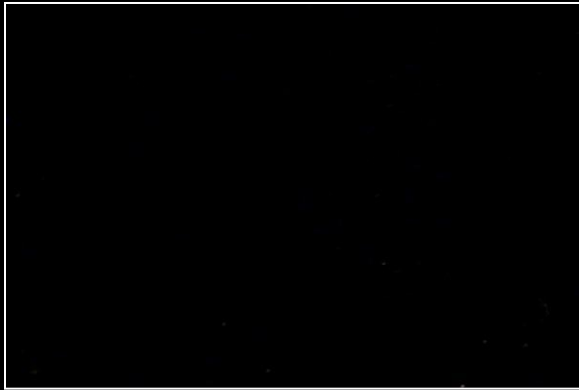


# WORKABILITY

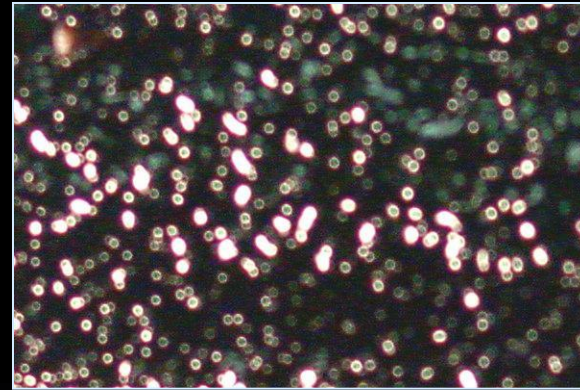
Testing Applicability, 10% CRM + 2% SBS



# PHYSICAL APPEARANCE (Smoothness)

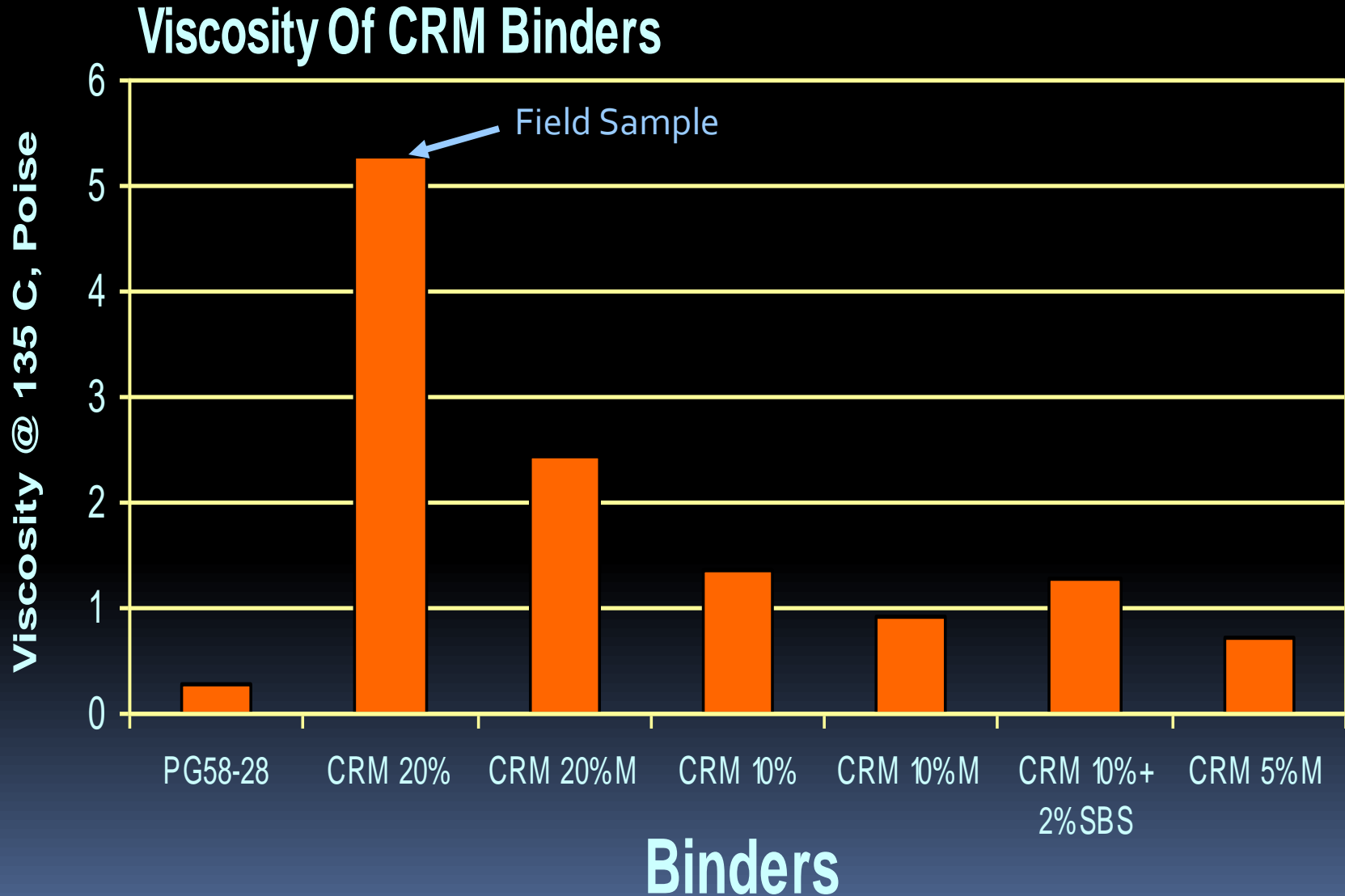


**Binder Made of  
Processed CRM**



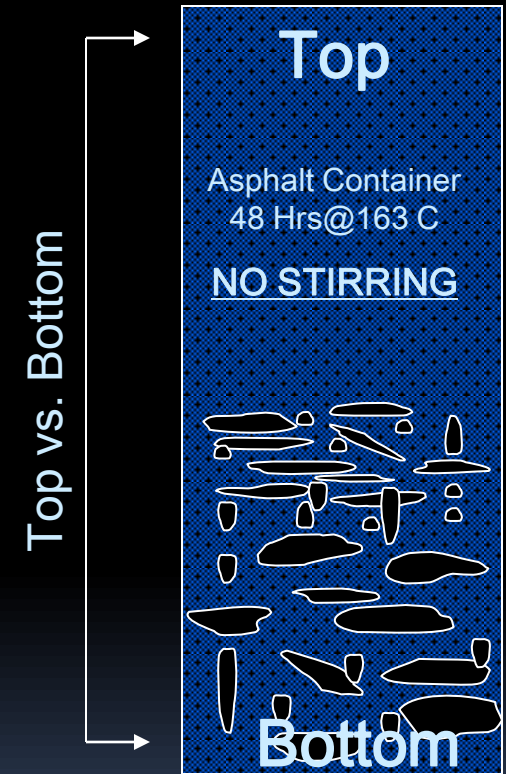
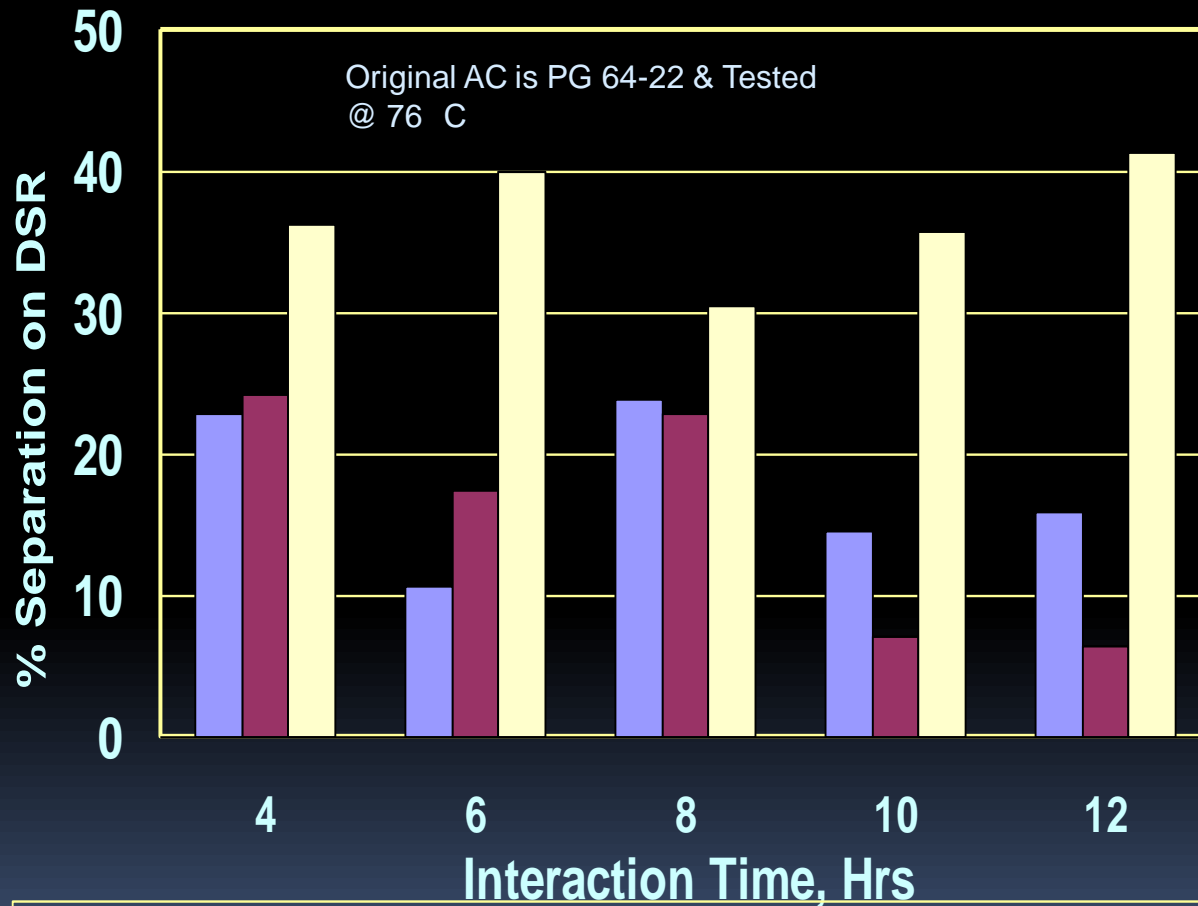
**Binder Made of  
Regular CRM**

# WORKABILITY



# BINDER STABILITY

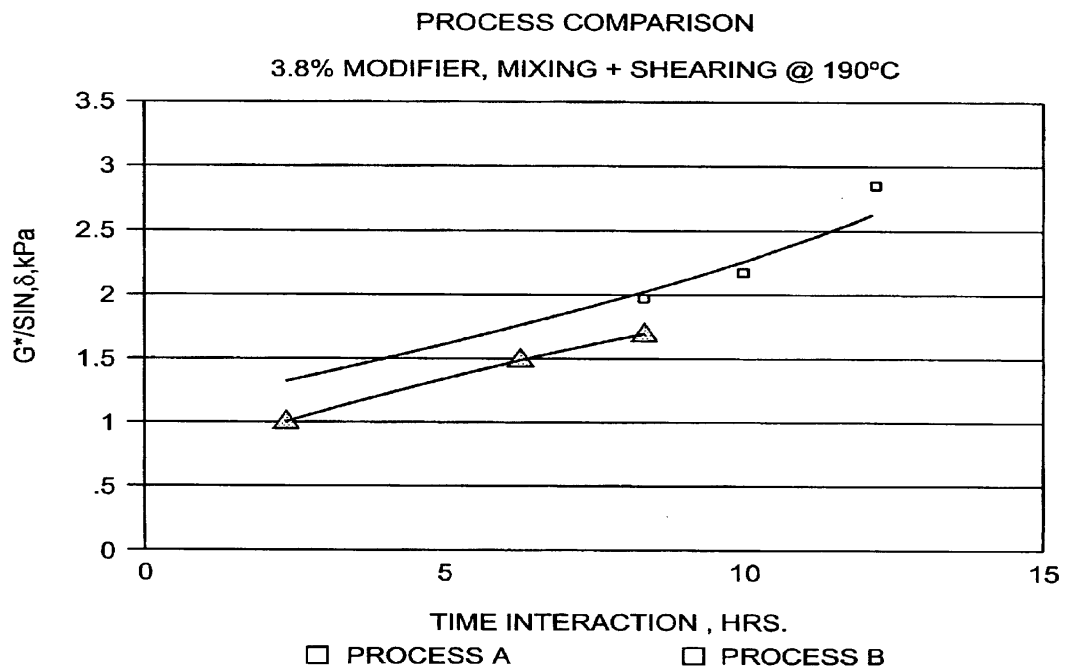
3.8% Processed CRM Modifier, Mixing Only @ 190 °C for 12 Hrs



Process A

Process B

GF-40



**FIG. 23**

# CONTRIBUTION TO SUSTAINABLE PAVEMENT SOLUTIONS

- The solid waste issue
- Long service life
- Constructability
- Environmental concerns
- Recyclability
- Energy savings

# CURRENT GAPS IN KNOWLEDGE

- Material selection- CRM production- Asphalt sources- Additives
- Optimization of the interaction process
- Pre-processing of CRM
- Binder production and quality control- Use of quality measures that indicate interaction and performance
- Physical testing may not be sufficient- Need for chemical analysis
- Applicability of performance testing on CRM binders
- Recyclability of CRM applications

# MAIN QUESTIONS

- Chemical characterization
  - Do we understand the chemistry of asphalt-rubber?
  - What methods/techniques to use?
  - The key is to optimize material sources and process variables
- CRM Pre-processing
  - How far rubber pre-processing can help improving binder performance?
  - What about the use of pre-processed rubber in the dry process



# MAIN QUESTIONS

- Environmental Aspects of Rubber Recycling
  - Binder Production
  - Use of additives, long-term leaching
- Energy Savings
  - How to reduce interaction temperature/time?
  - Explore more economical production methods.

Again..

Crumb rubber, as an asphalt modifier, should be considered based on performance.

Funding should be directed to making better rubber modifiers, using better technologies.

# ONE MORE QUESTION

- I think there is a need for a fundamental change in the way we use crumb rubber in pavement.
  - Regulations
  - Advanced technologies that allow new regulations implemented
  - Practice
  - Best-Value in recycled applications
  
- **What do you thin?**

Thanks..